MEET THE FACULTY

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REGISTRATION NOW OPEN

Register online at www.anvc.org

DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

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ANVC would like to thank Medtronic for their sponsorship through an unrestricted educational grant.

Because Stroke Patients Deserve Nothing Less

You are invited to Participate in a WEBINAR on

Cryptogenic Stroke: An Evidence-Based Interdisciplinary Approach to Care

Thursday, June 18, 2020
4:00-5:00 pm (Eastern)
Total Length: 1 Hour

There is no cost to participate in this ANVC webinar.

Register Today at www.anvc.org
TARGET AUDIENCE
This webinar has been designed for all interested neurovascular clinicians, including nurses, stroke coordinators and neurovascular advanced practice providers.

CEU INFORMATION
ANVC has been approved for (1) credit hour continuing education through the Arizona State University’s Office of Interprofessional Continuing Health Education, a jointly accredited agency by the American Nurses Credentialing Center (ANCC).

REGISTRATION
There is no cost to participate in this webinar. Please visit www.anvc.org to register to participate. After registering, a confirmation email will be sent containing information and instructions about joining the webinar.

Questions? Contact ANVC at info@anvc.org

PURPOSE
National data suggest that 30-40% of stroke patients are discharged with a cryptogenic etiology, however the most common reason these patients fall into the cryptogenic category is an incomplete workup for the cause of stroke. Many cryptogenic patients are truly cardioembolic stroke patients, but without appropriate work-up and monitoring, the true cause of stroke remains evasive leading to suboptimal secondary stroke prevention and a high risk for a future stroke event.

This webinar aims to enlarge neurovascular clinicians’ knowledge so that they will be able to:

- Describe stroke pathogenic mechanism categories with the appropriate clinical work-up and prophylaxis for each; and,
- Suspect embolic stroke of uncertain source (ESUS), detailing the necessary work-up and monitoring required to prevent a future embolic event.

OBJECTIVES & TOPIC (continued)

Objective 2: Discuss methods to support the determination of cardioembolic mechanism and detection of ESUS.

Topics:

Overview of the scientific literature on “lone” atrial fibrillation (AFib) in relation to cardioembolism

Overview of sensitivity of detection of AFib using:
- A. Single 12-lead ECG
- B. Inpatient cardiac monitoring
- C. Outpatient holter monitoring
- D. Implantable loop recorders

Loop Recorder Insertion
- A. Loop recorder data download
- B. Monitoring system – referring Cardiologist

Patient Clinical Management Prior To and After AFib Detection

Questions? Contact ANVC at info@anvc.org

OBJECTIVES & TOPIC

Objective 1: Describe categories used to classify pathogenic mechanism in stroke.

Topics:

Diagnostic criteria and a brief description of clinical management implications for the following:

A. Large Artery Atheroma
B. Small Vessel (Lacunar) Stroke
C. Stroke of Unusual Cause
D. Cardioembolism (Detailed Description)

Cryptogenic Mechanism to include:

A. Historical classification requirements: Multiple causes with an inability to determine precise cause; or, incomplete work up
B. The importance of parenchymal imaging with MRI, head/neck CTA, and transthoracic and transesophageal echocardiography

Introduction to “embolic stroke of uncertain source” (ESUS) and new diagnostic and clinical management implications

Upon completion of the program, neurovascular clinicians including nurses, stroke coordinators and advanced practice providers will have an improved understanding of pathogenic mechanism for stroke, enabling better oversight of the clinical work-up and ultimately improved secondary stroke prevention.